# VIRGINIA LEVEL I TRAUMA CENTER CHECK LIST

Name of Hospital: Name of Person Completing Checklist: **Contact Info:** Title: Hospital Mailing Address: State: Virginia Zip Code: City: Return Office of Emergency Medical Services Attention: Trauma/Critical Care Coordinator P.O. Box 2448 Richmond, Virginia 23218 I. Institutional Organization A. Trauma Program 1. Mission statement emphasizing continuous performance Ε improvement in the management of the trauma patient. 2. A recognizable program within the hospital which has a surgeon Ε as its director/physician in charge. 3. Support of the facilities' Board of Directors. (Board of Directors should be notified of applications for trauma designation, verification Ε and approval of the Board of Health after a site review.) Ε 4. Administration supportive of Trauma Program. 5. Evidence of an annual budget for Trauma Program. Ε **B.** Trauma Services: 1. Trauma Program Medical Director: a. Board certified/eligible general surgeon. May have emergency Ε medicine physician as Co-Director. b. Minimum three years experience on trauma service or trauma Ε fellowship training Ε c. Participates in regional and national trauma organizations. d. Involved in trauma research and includes the publication of Ε results and presentations. e. Actively involved in providing care to patients with life Ε threatening or urgent injuries. f. Oversees all aspects of multidisciplinary care from the time of Ε injury to discharge. Ε g. Current ATLS provider or instructor. h. Will have 30 hours of category I trauma/critical care CME every three years and attend one national meeting whose focus is trauma or Ε i. Will have 30 hours of category I trauma/critical care CME every three years and/or attend one national meeting whose focus is trauma or Ø critical care.

j. Attends more than one national meeting over three year period.

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<ul> <li>k. The Trauma Program Medical Director will provide an annual meeting and/or a self learning packet/web based learning program. All of the following shall receive this training:</li> <li>All full and part time surgeons taking trauma call.</li> <li>The Trauma Program Manager/Trauma Coordinator.</li> <li>Nurse practitioners and physicians assistants affiliated with the trauma program.</li> <li>All full and part time emergency department physicians who may be caring for trauma alert patients in the Emergency Department.</li> <li>All nurse practitioners and physicians assistants who may be caring for trauma alert patients in the Emergency Department.</li> <li>The Trauma Program Medical Director will provide the following updates during this meeting: <ol> <li>Highlights from national meetings and other continuing education to include a discussion of any changes applicable to the current guidelines and practice.</li> <li>A review, including updated information from ATLS.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	E
OR	
Each surgeon, emergency physician, nurse practitioner or physicians assistant participating/taking call in the service or could possibly be caring for trauma alert patients in the emergency department must complete 30 Category I CME's in trauma/critical care across the three year verification period or 20 across the two year designation period. Updating ATLS may be included in these CME's *The facility must choose between providing an annual update or CME tract to educate physician staff.	
2. Trauma Nurse Coordinator/Trauma Program Manager:	
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# II. Hospital Departments/Divisions/Sections:

### A. General Surgery:

1. Clinical capabilities in general surgery with two separate posted call schedules. One for trauma, one for general surgery. In those instances where a physician may simultaneously be listed on both schedules, there must be a defined back-up surgeon listed on the schedule to allow the trauma surgeon to provide care for the trauma patient. The trauma service director shall specify, in writing, the specific credentials that each back-up surgeon must have. These, at a minimum, must state that the back-up surgeon has surgical privileges at the trauma center and is boarded or eligible in general surgery (with board certification in general surgery within five years of completing residency). **In house 24 hours a day**. A PGY4 or PGY5 capable of assessing emergent situations in their respective specialties may fulfill this requirement. They must be capable of providing surgical treatment immediately and provide control and leadership of the care of the trauma patient.)

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- 3. When the trauma surgeon is not in house, the trauma surgeon should be present in the Emergency Department at the time of arrival of the patient. When sufficient prior notification has not been possible, an emergency department physician will immediately initiate the evaluation and resuscitation. Definitive surgical care must be instituted by the trauma surgeon in a timely fashion.
- 4. The hospital shall establish a policy detailing the expected amount of time for the trauma surgeon to arrive from notification to arrival, this time shall not exceed 30 minutes. Selection of the interval will be based on patient outcome data.

#### **B.** Neurological Surgery:

1. An Attending Neurosurgeon must be promptly available. The inhouse requirement may be fulfilled by an in-house neurosurgery resident, or a surgeon/designee who has special competence, as judged by the Chief of Neurosurgery, in the care of patients with neural trauma, and who is capable of initiating diagnostic procedures.

2. An Attending Neurosurgeon must be promptly available. This requirement may be fulfilled by a neurosurgery resident, or a surgeon/designee who has special competence, as judged by the Chief of Neurosurgery, in the care of patients with neural trauma, and who is Ø capable of initiating diagnostic procedures. This may be on-call from out side of the hospital. 3. If a neurosurgeon is responsible for more than one facility at the Ε same time, they must have a back up schedule. 4. If an attending neurosurgeon is not dedicated to the Level II Trauma Center, the center must have a back up call list OR the center Ø must demonstrate no more than 24 emergency neurosurgical procedures per year AND the center must provide a neuro-trauma diversion plan. C. Emergency Medicine: 1. The emergency department physician must be a recognized member of the trauma team, and be represented on the facilities trauma Ε committee. 2. The Emergency Medical Director or their designee will have 30 hrs of Category I CME every three years and attend one national Ε meeting with some content in trauma or critical care. 3. The Emergency Medical Director or designee will maintain a Ε current ATLS instructor or participant certification. D. Anesthesiology: () 1. Anesthesiologist in hospital 24 hours a day. (Requirements may be filled by anesthesia residents, CRNA's capable of assessing emergent situations in trauma patients and providing any indicated treatment. Anesthesia personnel should be capable of providing anesthesia service for surgical trauma cases including major vascular, neurosurgical, Ε pediatric, orthopedic, thoracic, ENT and other in-house surgical cases. If residents or CRNA's are used, a staff anesthesiologist must be present in the OR suite during surgery. Training and experience in both invasive and non-invasive monitoring is essential). 2. Anesthesiology. (anesthesia personnel need not be in house 24 hours a day, but the Trauma Service should ensure that anesthesia personnel can be present in the emergency room at the time of arrival of the trauma alert patient. When sufficient prior notification has not been made possible, a designated member of the trauma team will immediately initiate the evaluation and resuscitation. Requirements must be filled by anesthesia personnel capable of assessing emergent situations in trauma patients and providing any indicated treatment. Ø Anesthesia personnel should be capable of providing anesthesia service for surgical trauma cases including major vascular, neurosurgical, pediatric, orthopedic, thoracic, ENT and other in-house surgical subspecialties involved in trauma cases. If residents or CRNA's are used, a staff anesthesiologist must be present in the OR suite during surgery. Training and experience in both invasive and non-invasive monitoring

are essential).

3. Anesthesiology. On call and promptly available from in or out of hospital. (Requirements must be filled by anesthesia personnel capable of assessing emergent situations in trauma patients and providing any indicated treatment. Anesthesia personnel should be capable of providing anesthesia service for surgical trauma cases including major vascular, neurosurgical, pediatric, orthopedic, thoracic, ENT and other in-house surgical sub-specialties involved in trauma cases. If residents or CRNA's are used, a staff anesthesiologist must be present in the OR suite during surgery. Training and experience in both invasive and non-invasive monitoring is essential).

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III. Additional Clinical Capabilities:	
A. Surgical:	
1. Cardiac Surgery	E
2. Thoracic Surgery	E
3. Orthopedic Surgery	E
4. Pediatric Surgery	Е
5. Hand Surgery	E
6. Microvascular/Replant Surgery	E
7. Plastic Surgery	Е
8. Maxillofacial Surgery	Е
9. Ear, Nose & Throat Surgery	E
10. Oral Surgery	E
11. Ophthalmic Surgery	Е
12. Gynecological Surgery/Obstetrical Surgery	E
B. Non-surgical: (available)	
1. Cardiology	E
2. Pulmonology	Е
3. Gastroenterology	E
4. Hematology	Е
5. Infectious Disease	E
6. Internal Medicine	Е
7. Nephrology	E
8. Pathology	Е
9. Pediatrics	E
10. Psychiatry	Е
10. Radiology	Е
11. Interventional Radiology	E
IV. Clinical Qualifications:	
A. General/Trauma Surgeon's:	
1. Board certified/eligible in general surgery.	Е
2. Must meet the educational requirements in I.B.1.k.	Е
3. Successful ATLS Course completion at least once.	E

## **B.** Emergency Medicine: 1. Board certified/eligible in emergency medicine (Exceptions may be made in rare instances based upon long term practice in emergency Ε medicine). Ε 2. Must meet the educational requirements in I.B.1.k. 3. Emergency department physicians must maintain current ATLS, if Ε **not** boarded in emergency medicine. C. Neurosurgery: 1. Board certified within five years of completing residency Ε successfully 2. 10 hours of CME per year in neuro trauma. 0 3. Must have successfully completed an ATLS course once. 0 **D.** Orthopedic Surgery: 1. Board certified within five years of completing residency Ε successfully. 0 2. 10 hours of CME per year in skeletal trauma. 3. Must have successfully completed an ATLS course once. 0 **E.** Trauma Nursing: 1. All ED, OR, ICU, PACU and acute care unit staff that consistently care for the severely injured patient will receive annual update information provided by the TNC/TPM. This education may be provided by the representative/designee from each area listed here. The annual update information must include: i. Highlights from national meetings. ii. Updates to TNCC, ATCN, CATN, ENPC and other continuing education. OR All nursing staff who participate in the trauma team response, or who primarily care for the injured patient in the ICU, OR, PACU, ED or surgical trauma units shall have a minimum eight hours trauma/critical care CME annually. This requirement may be filled by successfully completing TNCC, ATCN, CATN, ENPC. All nursing staff caring for trauma patients have documented knowledge and skill in trauma nursing (trauma specific orientation, skills checklist). 3. Documentation of specific orientation and continuing education for pediatric and burn care if these patients are regularly admitted to the trauma center. 4. >50% of Level III nursing staff who participate in the trauma team response must successfully complete a TNCC, ATCN course or participate in a resuscitation/assessment skill based educational program involving the Level I or II trauma program manager within one year of

beginning trauma team responsibilities.

# V. Facilities/Resources/Capabilities: A. Emergency Department: 1. Personnel:

	1. Personnel:	
	a. Designated physician director/chairman (see clinical qualifications under Section II.C	E
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ш	b. 24 hour per day staffing by physicians physically present in the emergency department that meet the standard in Section IV. B	Ε
	c. RN's, LPN/LVN's and nursing assistants/technicians in	
ш	adequate numbers in the initial resuscitation area based on acuity and	Е
	trauma team composition.	_
	d. A minimum of two RN's per shift functioning in the trauma	
ш	resuscitation area that possess trauma nursing training.	Ε
	e. A written provision/plan for the acquisition of additional	
	staffing on a 24 hour basis to support units with increased patient acuity,	Ε
	multiple emergency procedures and admissions.	
	f. Each nursing unit must have a copy of their staffing plan for	Е
_	review during the site visit.	-
Ш	g. A written protocol for the expectations and responsibilities of	Ε
	the trauma nurse and other team members during trauma resuscitations.	
Ш	h. Nursing documentation for trauma patients is on a trauma flow	Ε
	sheet or electronic medical record equivalent.	
	2 E	
	2. Emergency Department Resuscitation Equipment:	
Ш	a. For trauma centers caring for pediatric patients, there shall be	
	equipment corresponding to the adult equipment, appropriate to age and	Ε
	size. There shall be information on pediatric medication dosing with this equipment.	
	b. Broselow Tape	Ε
Ħ	c. Airway control & ventilation equipment (laryngoscopes with a	_
ш	variety of straight and curved blades, endotracheal tubes of all sizes, bag	Ε
	valve masks and methods to continually provide supplemental Oxygen)	
	d. Suction devices in adequate numbers to be able to care for the	_
	multi system trauma patient.	Ε
	e. End Tidal CO2 detector to confirm tracheal placement of ETT.	Ε
$\Box$	f. Bedside monitor with central monitoring capabilities to include:	_
	ECG, Pulse Oximetry, central venous pressure monitoring.	Ε
	g. Cardiac Monitor immediately available with capabilities to	_
	include: ECG, Pacing, external & internal defibrillation.	Ε
	h. Intravenous fluids and administration devices to include large	_
	bore access and intraosseous devices (adult & pediatric)	Ε
	i. Thermal control equipment for warming blood & IV fluid.	Ε
	j. Method of rapid IV fluid administration, must be able to infuse	Ε
	warmed IV fluid and warmed blood.	-
	k. Arterial Catheters.	Ε
	1. Sterile surgical sets/trays to include: airway	_
	control/cricothyrotomy, thoracotomy, vascular access, chest tube	E
	insertion, peritoneal lavage and central line access.	_
	m. Thermal control equipment for cooling/warming patients.	E
$\vdash$	n. Gastric catheters.	E
	o. Skeletal traction devices.	Е
Ц	p. Skeletal traction device for providing cervical traction.	Ε
Ш	q. 24 hour per day x-ray capability.	Ε

	r. Sonography (FAST capability).	0
	s. Doppler capability.	Ε
	t. Two way radio communication linked with EMS transport units.	Е
	B. Operating Suite:	
	1. Immediately available 24 hours per day.	Е
	2. Personnel:	
	a. 24 hour per day immediate availability of in-house staffing.	Е
	b. Personnel available 24 hours per day in-house or on-call and	
	available in a timely manner.	Ø
	c. Operating room adequately staffed in-house 24 hours per day.	
	There should be a second on-call team promptly available when the in-	Е
	house team is participating in an operative case.	
	3. Operating Room Resuscitation Equipment:	
	a. For trauma centers caring for pediatric patients, there shall be	
	equipment corresponding to the adult equipment, appropriate to age and	Е
	size. There shall be information on pediatric medication dosing with	
$\overline{}$	this equipment.	_
$\vdash$	b. Cardiopulmonary bypass capability.	E
Ш	c. Operating microscope.	Е
	d. Thermal control equipment	
Ш	i. For patients	Е
Ш	ii. For blood & IV fluids	Е
Ш	e. 24 hour per day x-ray capability, including C-Arm image	Е
	intensifier.	
$\vdash$	f. Endoscopes and bronchoscopes.	Е
$\sqcup$	g. Rapid infuser system	Е
Ц	h. Craniotomy instruments	Е
	i. Capability of fixation of long bone and pelvic fractures.	Ε
	C. Postanesthesia Recovery Room or Surgical Intensive Care:	
	1. Personnel:	
	a. 24 hour per day (in-house or on-call) staffing by RN's	Ε
ш	2. Equipment for patients of all ages, to include:	_
ш	a. capability for resuscitation and continuous monitoring of temperature, hemodynamics & gas exchange	Е
	b. Thermal control equipment:	_
$\mathbb{H}$	i. for patients.	E -
$\mathbb{H}$	ii. for IV fluids, blood and blood products.	Ε_
$\mathbb{H}$	c. rapid infuser.	Ε
Ш	In the event that patients are boarded in the PACU as ICU overflow	Е
	patients, then the equipment listed in section V.D.2 must be available.	
	D. Intensive/Critical Care Unit:	
	1. Personnel:	
	a. Designated surgical director or co-director.	Е
$\vdash$	b. Designated medical director or co-director.	E
$\vdash$		_
Ш	c. Registered Nurses, educated in trauma care, should have a patient ratio of not more than two patients per RN.	Ε
	parient ratio of not more mail two parients per KIV.	

	d. Physician on duty in the ICU 24 hours per day or immediately available from within the facility as long as this physician is not the sole on call MD for the emergency department.	E
	e. Physician on duty in the ICU 24 hours per day or immediately available from within the hospital (which may be a physician who is the sole physician on call for the emergency department).	Ø
	2. Intensive Care Unit Equipment:	
	a. For trauma centers caring for pediatric patients, there shall be equipment corresponding to the adult equipment, appropriate to age and size. There shall be information on pediatric medication dosing with this equipment.	E
Ш	b. Airway control & ventilation equipment (laryngoscopes with a variety of straight and curved blades, endotracheal tubes of all sizes, bag valve masks and methods to continually provide supplemental Oxygen)	E
	c. Oxygen source with concentration controls.	Ε
	d. Cardiac emergency cart.	Ε
Ц	e. Temporary transvenous pacer.	Ε
	f. Bedside monitor with central monitoring capabilities to include: ECG, Pulse Oximetry, pressure monitoring abilities (ICP, Venous & Arterial).	E
	g. Cardiac Monitor immediately available with capabilities to	Е
	include: ECG, Pacing, external & internal defibrillation.	
H	h. Mechanical ventilator.	E
H	i. Patient weighing devices.	E
H	j. Pulmonary function measuring device.	E
H	<ul><li>k. Temperature control devices for patients</li><li>l. Rapid fluid infuser capability.</li></ul>	E E
H	m. Intracranial pressure monitoring device	E
Ħ	n. Capability to perform blood gas measurements, hematocrit levels	_
	& chest x-ray studies.	E
	F. Radiological Services: (available 24 hours per day)	
	1. 24 hour per day in-house radiology technician.	Е
	2. X-ray interpretation by radiologist available 24 hours per day.	Ε
Ц	3. Angiography.	Ε
	4. Sonography.	Ε
$\sqsubseteq$	5. Computed Tomography Scanning (CT)	Ε
Ш	6. 24 hour per day in-house CT Technologist.	E
	7. CT Technologist available within 30 minutes of notification or	Ø
П	documentation that procedures are available within 30 minutes.	Е
	<ul><li>8. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI).</li><li>9. Resuscitation equipment to include airway management and IV</li></ul>	-
Ш	therapy.	Ε
	G. Clinical Laboratory Service: (to be available 24 hours/day)	
	1. Standard analysis of blood, urine, and other body fluids,	_
	including micro sampling when appropriate.	E
	2. Blood typing & cross-matching.	Ε
	3. Coagulation studies.	Ε

	4. Comprehensive blood bank, or access to a community central blood bank with storage facilities.	E
	5. Blood gas & ph determination abilities.	E
	6. Microbiology abilities.	Ε
	VI. Performance Improvement Program:  A. Organized performance improvement program (PI) to examine the care of the injured patient within the facility that looks towards improving outcome, decreasing complications and improving efficiency. The process should clearly document the PI process, action plan and resolution of the issue.  1. Demonstrate relationship between PI outcomes and new or	E
_	revised clinical protocols.	Ε
Н	2. Expansion of PI program to include regional trauma systems.	0
Ш	B. Performance Improvement program should follow state recommended audit filters at minimum.	E
	1. Participates in the Creation of institutional/regional based audit filters as identified by the institution/regional PI committees	0
	C. The hospital shall set a time that the trauma surgeon has to respond to a full trauma team response. This policy should be available to be reviewed during the site review team visit.	E
	D. Applying outcomes/benchmarking activity.	Е
	E. Participation in the Statewide Trauma Registry as mandated by the Code of Virginia. Data must be submitted to Trauma Registry within 30 days from the end of a quarter and includes:  i. patients with ICD9-CM codes of 348.1, 800.0 – 959.9, 994.0 and 994.1, excluding 905-909 (late effect injuries), 910-924 (blisters, contusions, abrasions and insect bites), 930-939 (foreign bodies)  ii. Only those patients that were admitted to the facility are required to be reported. Includes admissions for observation (not ER observation unless held in the ER due to no inpatient bed availability).  iii. patients transferred from one hospital to another because of acute trauma (patient may be transferred directly from the Emergency Department or from an inpatient unit).  iv. victims of acute trauma that die within the hospital, Including, the emergency department and DOA's  *hospitals may over report within these ICD9 codes if desired for internal reporting	E
	1. Compliance with section E above on a quarterly basis.	E
	a. Utilization of State Registry/NTDB for purposes of institutional/Regional/State Research, Benchmarking for performance improvement and or Injury Prevention Programs. For mature trauma centers (by second verification visit) becomes a minimal standard.	0
	F. A forum, including the Trauma Medical Director, E.D. Director, Trauma Coordinator, designee from Trauma subspecialties (neurosurgery, orthopedics) as specific issues present for multidisciplinary review of care of the injured patient including policies, procedures, system issues, and outcomes may include pre-hospital, nursing, ancillary personnel, a hospital administrator and physicians involved in trauma care. (The forum in G, below, may be combined with this meeting)	E

 1. 50% attendance by committee members (or designee) at multi- disciplinary review of care meetings.	Ε
G. The hospital will have a structured peer review committee that must have a method of evaluating trauma care. This committee must meet at least quarterly and include physicians representing pertinent specialties that include at least, trauma surgery, neurosurgery, orthopedics, emergency medicine, anesthesiology, and may include hospital management and other subspecialties as required. The TPM/TNC or designee may be a member. Outcomes of peer review will be incorporated into the educational and policy program of the trauma service. (The forum in F may be combined with this meeting)  H. Trauma Research Program:	E
1. Trauma Research Program designed to produce new knowledge applicable to the care of injured patients to include: an identifiable institutional review board process.	E
2. A trauma research program designed to produce new knowledge applicable to the care of injured patients to include; three peer review publications over a three year period that could originate in any aspect of the trauma program.	E
3. A nursing specific trauma research program designed to produce new knowledge applicable to the care of the injured patients to include trauma nursing research. Should have one publication in a three year period.	E
 VII. Outreach Program:	
A. Annually partner with the top three referring/receiving facilities to assess, plan, implement and evaluate physician and nursing trauma educational needs of those facilities transferring severely injured	E
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A. Annually partner with the top three referring/receiving facilities to assess, plan, implement and evaluate physician and nursing trauma educational needs of those facilities transferring severely injured patients.  B. Each trauma center will maintain a document that reflects the functional process for providing case specific complimentary and/or constructive feedback to the top three referring/receiving facilities for extraordinary situations.  C. Each trauma center will collaborate with the top three regional Transferring/receiving facilities to design and provide an annual facility specific registry report by using the hospitals PI infrastructure for	E

	VIII. Injury Prevention Program:	
	A. Demonstration of injury prevention activities based upon identified	Е
	regional needs.	
Ш	1. Participation in a statewide trauma center collaborative injury prevention effort focused on a common need throughout the commonwealth.	0
	2. Perform studies in injury control while monitoring the effects of prevention programs.	0
	IX. Hospital Documents	
	A. Evidence of American Board of Surgery Certification documented in credentials file or other documentation showing active pursuit of current certification or re-certification in general surgery by trauma surgeons. Must be eligible for certification.	Ε
	B. Evidence of recognized board certification documented in credentials file or other documentation showing active pursuit of current certification or recertification in emergency medicine or appropriate specialty by emergency department physicians.	Ε
	C. Documentation of ATLS and continuing education as outlined throughout this document.	E
	X. Institutional Commitment:	
	A. Demonstrates knowledge, familiarity, and commitment of upper level administrative personnel to trauma service.	E
	B. Upper level administration participation in multi-disciplinary trauma conferences/committees.	Ε
	C. Evidence of yearly budget for the trauma program.	Ε